

## SVP... PROPORTIONAL AMPLIFIER FOR MOTORS AND PUMPS CONTROL

**Qaron****SETTORE****MOBILE**

### SVP...

|                       |                |
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**Phase out  
product**

### ORDERING CODE

**SVP**

Proportional amplifier  
for motors and pumps control

**X**

**X** = For proportional solenoids  
0.88 A (24 V DC) (STANDARD)

**Y** = For proportional solenoids  
1.76 A (12 V DC)

**Z** = For proportional solenoids  
2.50 A (9 V DC)

**I**

**I** = Independent control of the  
proportional output

**S** = Symmetric control of the  
proportional output (STANDARD)

**E**

**E** = With external card enabling control  
(STANDARD)

**K** = With external enabling control and  
proportional output enabling control

**0** = Without enabling control

**1**

**1** = With voltage input  $\pm 5V$   
(STANDARD)

**2** = With current input  $\pm 20mA$

**ST**

**ST** = Version with setting panel  
(STANDARD)

**CN** = Version with CAN interface

**00**

**00** = NONE (STANDARD)

**D1**

**D1** = Serie 1 digital model

**Connectors and electrical contacts included  
in the furniture.**

**CE** registered mark with reference to the EU  
Community Directives, in accordance with the  
following norms:

EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-3

The SVP electronic amplifier with current feedback current is designed to control  
a pump with variable flow rate or two pumps for open circuit or two motors.

The amplifier has two proportional outputs with current feedback and a single power output  
without current feedback. Each proportional output is controlled by an analogue input; it is  
therefore possible to control two proportional outputs independently (independent control for  
the proportional outputs, option I in the ordering code).

Through the selection of a switch positioned on the card, it is possible to control both proportional  
outputs with only one analogue input (symmetrical control for the proportional outputs, option  
S in the ordering code).

The symmetrical control is used for hydrostatic pumps in closed-circuit with two solenoids  
control. In the independent control mode, the two proportional outputs are mutually independent  
and it is possible to control separately two open-circuit pumps with single solenoid control or  
two motors. The card also has an output for brake release control: this is ON when the output  
current of the two proportional channels is at the minimum value. As the output current of  
one of the channels exceeds an adjustable percentage above the minimum current, the brake  
output state changes to OFF.

### MAIN FEATURES

- External control signal for enabling card operation (it is possible to by-pass  
this function).
- Linear and independent output current rise and drop ramps on both proportional  
outputs.
- Control of the card is possible via potentiometer, voltage signal ( $\pm 5V$ ) from an  
external source or current signal from an external source ( $\pm 20mA$ ).
- Differential analogue inputs logic.
- Adjustment of brake control output current value.
- Adjustment of the control parameters from digital interface panel built in on  
the card.
- Two digital outputs (power 0.5A) to signal card failure or anomaly.
- Short-circuit protection for the two proportional outputs.
- Protection for input power polarity inversion.
- Over voltage protection system.

### ADDITIONAL FEATURES

- When ordering it is possible to select the external control signal version  
(standard) with separate controls to enable the two proportional outputs (upon  
request).
- Third analogue input ( $\pm 5V$  or  $\pm 20mA$ ) for pressure or position transducer (upon  
request).
- Digital Input (12V or 24V) for encoders or inductive speed sensors (upon  
request).
- CAN-bus data transmission interface (upon request).

### TECHNICAL DATA

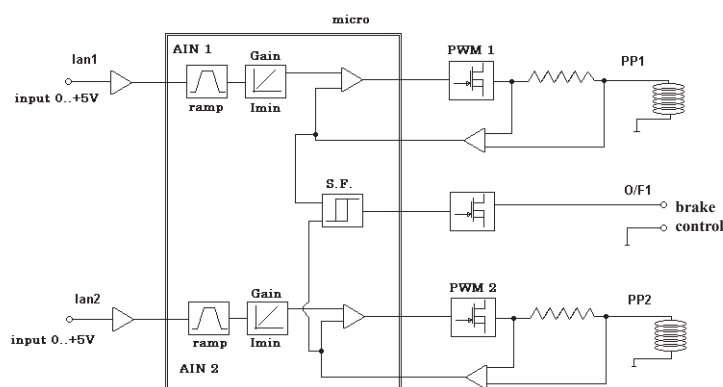
|  |  |
|--|--|
| Voltage supply   | 10 ÷ 30 VDC  |
| Max input current  | 8 A  |
| Max output current for each proportional channel             | 2.5 A  |
| Max output current for brake control output                  | 3 A  |
| Analogue external reference signal for proportional control  | $\pm 5V$ , or $\pm 20mA$                                 |
| Resistance of external potentiometer                         | 2K $\Omega$ ÷ 10 K $\Omega$                              |
| Adjustable current rise time ramp                            | 0 ÷ 20 sec   |
| Adjustable current drop time ramp                            | 0 ÷ 20 sec   |
| Adjustable min. output current for each proportional channel | 0 ÷ 50% of set Max output current                        |
| Adjustment of current gain for each proportional channels    | 50% ÷ 100% of Max current                                |
| Brake adjustment release                                     | 0 ÷ 50% of set Max output current                        |
| Connector  | AMP 29 poles<br>Connector and contacts included (*)      |
| Operative environment temperature                            | -40°C ÷ +80°C  |
| Protection degree  | IP65<br>With correct connector assembling and wiring (*) |

(\*) It is responsibility of the customer the assembling and the wiring of the  
connector supplied with the SVP proportional card.

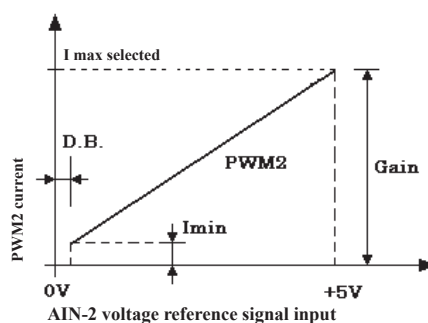
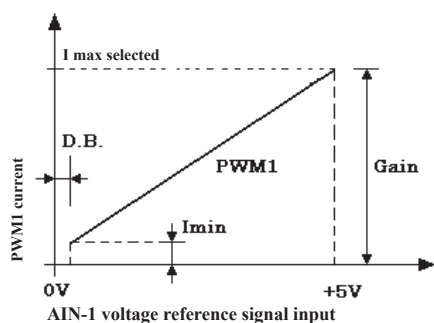


## CHARACTERISTIC CURRENT OUTPUT CURVES

### INDEPENDENT OPERATION OF THE PROPORTIONAL OUTPUTS



In this mode, the two outputs work independently and the proportional output PWM 1 (PP1) is controlled by the signal on the analogue input Ia1 and the proportional output PWM 2 (PP2) is controlled by the signal on the analogue input Ia2.

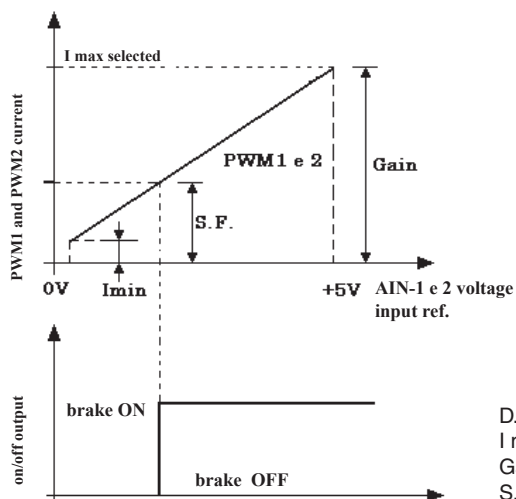


In this mode both proportional outputs may be on simultaneously.

D.B. = dead band  
I min = offset minimum current  
Gain = current gain

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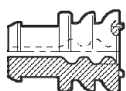
### OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC OF THE BRAKE COMMAND



Whatever the operating mode of the proportional outputs, be it symmetric or independent, the operating logic of the brake command is always the same. Set a current threshold value on the adjustment panel (SF). When the current on both proportional outputs drops below the set threshold (SF), the output of the brake is on. Whereas for the command output of the brake to be disabled, all it takes is for the current of one of the proportional outputs to exceed (SF).

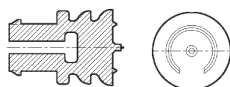
D.B. = dead band  
I min = offset minimum current  
Gain = current gain  
S.F. = threshold brake release

## SPARE PARTS AMP SEAL



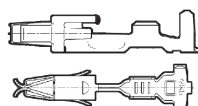
(Pack. 30 pcs.)

Single wire seal  
**CODE 828905-1\***



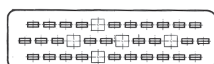
(Pack. 20 pcs.)

Plug cavity sealing  
**CODE 828906-1\***

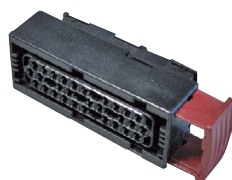


(Pack. 30 pcs.)

JPT contact  
**CODE 929937-3 o 929938-3\***



Silicon facial sealing  
**CODE 963222-1\***



JPT housing connector  
(plug) 29P  
**CODE 963449-2\***

\* AMP code

**Spare parts kit, gaskets, connectors and electrical contacts: V89960000**